GENDER					
matriarchy to	patriarchy in empires (Confucianism)	patriarchy intensifies (spread by Muslims and Christians)	Total patriarchy (spread by exploration and slavery)	calls for women's rights (Seneca Falls)	More equality in West and
	Americas, Africa still matriarchal	Americas and Sub-Saharan Africa still matriarchal	•		communist countries
TRADE		Trans-Saharan begins; rise of Jewish, Sogdian, Muslim, and Chinese merchant communities	Europeans connect Americas, China withdraws (Ming)	European <mark>imperialis</mark> m in East Asia, India, SE Asia	Imperialism, then globalization after 1945
Foundations of long distance trade	Silk Road, Indian Ocean Rise of trade cities	Indian Ocean, Silk Road trade intensifies (promotion by Muslims, Tang/Song)	Silk Road declines, European imperialism	Export economies	
GOVERNMENTS	———	Use of religion and trade to unite empires,	Rise of nation-states (Britain, France, Spain)	Rise of Germany, Italy, Russia, Japan	Decolonization and globalization
First civilizations and governments	Rise of empires (Han, Rome, Gupta, Mauryan, Persian)	Empires continue (Tang, Song Ming, Caliphates, Mongols)	New European empires, and "Gunpowder Empires"	European colonialism	
TO 600 BCE	600 BCE-600 CE	600 CE-1450 CE	1450 CE-1750 CE	1750 CE-1900 CE	1900-PRESENT
TECHNOLOGY Horses, chariots, Agriculture	iron, monumental architecture, roads	camels, saddles, steel, sailing tech, financial tech, printing press (Asia)	Gunpowder Printing press (Europe)	Steam, Industrial Revolution	communications, transportation, Green Revol.
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RELIGION Rise of Judaism,	rise and spread of Buddhism, Hinduism, Christianity	Rise and spread of Islam, spread of Christianity to Europe, East Africa	Synthesis in India (Sikhism) and Americas (Voodoo/Vodun)	Rise of deism, Christianity to India and SE Asia (colonies)	